## **Promising Occupations Achievable Through Short-Term Education or Training for Low-Income Families**

Promising careers are available to Temporary Assistance for Needy Families recipients and other low-income workers with a relatively short-term investment in education and training. Nearly all states offer estimates (called *projections*) of how occupations will grow over a 10-year period. When paired with data on the education and training required for each occupation, as well as earnings potential and the number of jobs available per year, these data paint a picture of the jobs that will be available in the future, the credentials they will require, and how much workers might expect to earn by pursuing them.

We used data from state occupational employment projections to determine the promising occupations for low-income workers in each state or territory. First, we determined which occupations required more than a high school diploma or general educational development certificate, but less than a bachelor's degree. Next, among those occupations, we focused on those projected to experience positive job growth through 2022. Finally, we limited our list to occupations expected to have at least one job per 1,000 jobs statewide, to make sure there would be enough jobs available relative to the size of the state's labor market.

For each state, we created a table highlighting the promising occupations, listed in order from highest to lowest number of projected annual jobs. The tables show the education and training required (some college, no degree; postsecondary certificate; associate's degree), annual job openings, growth rates, and key wage percentiles for all the occupations that met our criteria.

The annotated table for the United States (on page 2) illustrates how to interpret the tables. Each row in the table presents an occupation that meets the criteria described above for promising occupations. The list of occupations is arranged from the highest to lowest number of projected annual openings. Next to each occupation name, the table presents the education and, if applicable, the on-the-job training (OJT) required for the occupation. Reading down the table, you can compare the projected openings, growth, and wages of occupations with the same amount of required education and training by looking at the rows with the same number of diploma and OJT icons. The far-right column of the table presents the income distributions, anchored at the median reported wage, which is listed in the blue bar. The width of the blue bar indicates the spread from the 25th percentile, through the median, to the 75th percentile. The relative positions of the blue bars show which occupations have higher wages and potential for wage growth: those to the left of the other occupations have low wages and/or low wage growth, and those to the right have higher wages and potential for wage growth.

To find a state's table, click on the state in this map. See the complete introduction and access all the state tables at 1.usa.gov/1RHyJQ1.

		PROMISING OCCUPATIONS IN	EDUCATION/ TRAINING	AVERAGE ANNUAL	GROWTH	2014 ANNUAL WAGE	
Arranged from the <b>highest</b> <b>to the lowest</b> number of projected annual openings		United States	REQUIRED	OPENINGS	RATE	25th Percentile Median 75th Percentile	Income distributions, anchored at the median reported wage Width of the blue bar indicates the spread from the 25th percentile, through the median, to the 75th percentile
		Registered nurses	67-67-67-	105,260	19.4%	\$54,620 <b>\$66,640</b> \$81,080	
		Nursing assistants	and the second s	59,360	21.1%	\$21,340 <b>\$25,100</b> \$30,020	
		Heavy and tractor-trailer truck drivers		46,470	11.3%	\$32,000 <b>\$39,520</b> \$49,410	
		Teacher assistants	6 R	38,260	8.6%	\$19,610 <b>\$24,430</b> \$30,670	
		Licensed practical and licensed vocational nurses	ar ar	36,310	24.8%	\$35,780 <b>\$42,490</b> \$49,450	
		Medical assistants	6 Rox	26,990	29.0%	\$25,500 <b>\$29,960</b> \$36,070	
		Hairdressers, hairstylists, and cosmetologists	at at	22,060	12.7%	\$18,680 <b>\$23,120</b> \$32,170	
		Preschool teachers, except special education	A.A.A	19,940	17.4%	\$22,010 <b>\$28,120</b> \$37,660	
		Computer user support specialists	€ + OJT	19,690	20.2%	\$36,610 <b>\$47,610</b> \$62,050	
	-	Dental assistants	67.67.	13,720	24.5%	\$29,260 <b>\$35,390</b> \$42,810	
		Heating, air conditioning, and refrigeration mechanics and installers	TLO + CJT	12,370	20.9%	\$34,610 <b>\$44,630</b> \$57,500	
		Emergency medical technicians and paramedics	6 A 6 A	12,060	23.1%	\$25,170 <b>\$31,700</b> \$41,780	
		Dental hygienists	6.*6.*6*	11,350	33.3%	\$59,890 <b>\$71,520</b> \$85,240	

Relative positions of the blue bars show which occupations have higher wages and potential for wage growth. Left = low wages and/or low wage growth **Right** = higher wages and wage growth potential





25th